

NEXT WEEK WILL BE
TOY WEEK
AT BLUNDELLS
SPECIAL PRICES
ON YOUR SHOPPING EARLY

REDCLIFF

OUR SLOGAN: An Industrial Metropolis of Industrious People Who Pull Together.

SIST ON GETTIN'
PATTERSON'S BREAD
From Your Grocer
OR PHONE 43

Volume 8.

REDCLIFF, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1918.

Number 44.

FAIR PRICE COMMITTEE IS CHOSEN HERE

Whole Council to Act in Regulation of Prices—Date Set for Annual Rates-Payers Meeting—Councillor Perrins Now Chairman of Finance.

The regular meeting of the town council was held in the council chamber last Monday evening. Mayor Bott was in the chair and the following members present: Councillors Oates, Lyall, Perrins, Broughton and Lavelle.

In the business arising out of the minutes the finance committee, to whom was referred the request of the secretary for an increase in salary, reported that they wished further time to consider the matter.

On motion of Councillors Perrins and Broughton the secretary was instructed to have 200 copies of town's financial statement printed for distribution at the annual meeting of the rate payers. The secretary was also authorized to make the necessary arrangements for securing hall, etc. for the annual rate payers' meeting on the evening of Nov. 15th.

The Civic Improvement League submitted plans of the new cemetery site as recently surveyed, and asked the co-operation of the council in making the alterations to the different religious denominations. Councillors Lyall and Lavelle was appointed to work with the league in this matter.

On motion of Councillors Broughton and Perrins a vote of thanks was tendered to the League for the interest they had taken in the cemetery movement and for the success attained.

For donating suitable iron posts for the fence around the plot the Bolling Mill Company was also tendered a vote of thanks.

Councillor Perrins was appointed chairman of the finance committee, on motion of Councillors Lavelle and Lyall.

The question of electric wiring coming into town to supply electricity to the Glass plant here was introduced and a committee consisting of the mayor and Councillors Lyall and Perrins was appointed to look after the town's interests in the location of poles, wires, etc.

In compliance with recent regulations passed by the Dominion government whereby municipalities have the power to appoint one member of the council as a "Fair Price Committee" the council appointed every member of the council on the committee. According to the regulations this committee has the power to investigate the amount of any necessary of life held by any person for sale or disposition within such jurisdiction at any time; the price paid for such necessities by retailers and the price at which these necessities are being sold. The committee also has the power, after considering cost and overhead expenses, to set a retail price which in their opinion would give a just and reasonable profit. Whenever in the opinion of the committee or the council there is evidence disclosing any offence against the regulations either the committee or the council may take such proceedings thereupon as they may deem proper, or may remit the committee to the Attorney General of the province for such action as he may be pleased to institute. This committee shall have the power of a commissioner appointed under the provisions of Part I of the Inquiries Act. Any person who contravenes or fails to observe any of the provisions of these regulations or in any way hinders the investigation of this committee is liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or both fine and imprisonment.

Council then adjourned.

Dr. Brown's Advice

Dr. Brown wishes us to issue a word of warning to all who are now down with the influenza. He would like to impress upon all the necessity of exercising great care when patients appear to be getting better. He advises that "patients be kept in bed and kept warm for at least six days after their temperature returns to normal. It is at this stage that there are the greatest dangers of complications, and it is the after effects which prove the most serious.

Redcliff Boy Dies at Coast

Last night's Herald contains an article dated from Fernie, B. C., which records the death of Sydney Hawk, son of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Washburn of this town. He was a young man about 20 years of age and left here about six months ago for the Pacific coast.

Sudden Death of Mrs. E. T. Cooke

very and sudden death occurred in town Wednesday morning of this week when Mrs. Cooke, wife of Edgar T. Cooke, passed away. Deceased had been in poor health for the past year—suffering from tuberculosis and about a month ago she grew worse. Since then she had been gradually growing weaker and last week she contracted the influenza. As her constitution was very weak under the long strain the additional shock struck the vital spot with the above result.

Deceased was born in London, Eng., where she lived during her girlhood years. Five years ago she was married and shortly after she and her husband came to Canada. They came to Redcliff the beginning of this year and have resided here ever since. Her death is a great loss to the bereaved husband.

Freeman Bay Bonds. Slaves Wear Them!

REDCLIFF BOYS MENTIONED IN CASUALTY LIST

Private James D. Kirkpatrick Dies of Wounds—Enlisted When Only 16 Years Old—Pte. G. Neve Gassard and E. McKinnon Wounded.

During the past week three more of Redcliff's boys are mentioned in the casualty lists. Private James D. Kirkpatrick has made the supreme sacrifice. George Neve has been gassed and Ed McKinnon wounded.

On Monday morning Mrs. Neve received the following message from the Director of Records, Ottawa: "Sincerely regret to inform you that Pte. G. Neve, Infantry, officially reported admitted 22 Casualty Clearing station, Oct. 14th. Shell gassed."

Private Kirkpatrick was a Canadian born lad and was a fine specimen of our sturdy western manhood. His father and mother are now living here. To them and the younger brother and sisters of deceased the sympathy of the community goes out at this time.

station, Oct. 14th. Shell gassed."

Private Kirkpatrick was a Canadian born lad and was a fine specimen of our sturdy western manhood. His father and mother are now living here. To them and the younger brother and sisters of deceased the sympathy of the community goes out at this time.

On Monday morning Mrs. Neve received the following message from the Director of Records, Ottawa: "Sincerely regret to inform you that Pte. G. Neve, Infantry, officially reported admitted 22 Casualty Clearing station, Oct. 14th. Shell gassed."

Private Kirkpatrick was a Canadian born lad and was a fine specimen of our sturdy western manhood. His father and mother are now living here. To them and the younger brother and sisters of deceased the sympathy of the community goes out at this time.

TOWNSWOMEN RESPOND TO CALL FOR HELP

Have Supplied Hospital With Requirements in Quick Time.—May be More Work to Do—Ladies of Country Asked to Help—Volunteers Needed.

Owing to the spread of the epidemic the Rest Cross rooms will be closed for the present and no work will be sent out to the auxiliaries in the outlying districts. However, the opening of an emergency hospital here has furnished another opportunity for the women of the town to do very much needed work and the way they have responded to the call is admirable. Since last Saturday noon they have supplied over five hundred pieces of linen which was all well made and neatly all laundered. At the present time the hospital is well supplied with all the necessities, but should the epidemic continue to spread and many more patients be admitted, the ladies will still be more than ready to help.

We are informed by those in charge of the work that in the rush to get things made up quickly some of the workers of the society may have been overlooked, as the committee had no time to go by. It was there should be calls for more supplies those willing and able to help in this emergency are asked to call up phone 13 and give Mrs. Lyall their names as they are needed for the work of distributing material.

We understand also that the volunteer helpers at the hospital are being taxed to their limit in carrying on the work there and that more assistance is required to relieve those who have been attending to the wants of the patients since the hospital was opened. Any who can help in this matter are asked to have their names with P. Olin, chairman.

Those in charge wish to thank the women of the town for their generous and quick response to the call for help.

LOCAL SCHOOL IS EQUIPPED FOR HOSPITAL

About 35 Patients Now Confined There and All Are Doing Well—Board of Health Passes More Restrictions.

The influenza epidemic is still with us and during the past week has spread considerably. The school, which was last week converted into an emergency hospital, has undergone some changes and in a very short time has been converted into a hospital which answers the purpose splendidly. The Board of Health has passed as circumstances arise. Early in the week they issued an order that all should wear the prescribed situation well in hand and are looking to time in taking the necessary precautionary measures all further steps were ordered closed yesterday morning, and orders issued for more careful supervision of all pool rooms and other places where crowds are liable to congregate. Stores serving soft drinks have also received instructions to discontinue selling glasses.

In all there are about eighty cases in town now. About thirty-five of these are in the school. Reports from all sources would indicate that the epidemic here is of a mild nature and that all patients are progressing favorably.

It was Mrs. E. T. Cooke, but it has been since all summer from tubercular trouble her shattered strength soon gave way under the additional strain.

Sum of these who were among the first to contract the disease are now out of quarantine and able to get around again.

Victory Loan Away To a Good Start

The Victory Loan campaign is well under way in Redcliff and reports coming in from the canvassers are so far most satisfactory. The following are the canvassers for the different districts:

Glass Plant—E. Wallis and N. Fennell.
Rolling Mills—A. J. Learmonth.
Brick and Coal—P. Lavelle and D. Kerr.
Business District—H. O. Killick.
Bowling District—E. Butler.
Box Springs—J. Ellis and F. Walk.

The central organization has set \$30,000 as Redcliff's allotment in this campaign and the executive is very anxious that we should go over this amount in order to get the bonus flag which is being presented by the Government to all districts which go over their allotment. At present it looks as though Redcliff and district had good chances of winning this flag. If all who can would do their bit there would be no doubt about the result. The campaign has only been on now for four days and although the canvassers have only touched the fringe of their several districts about half of our allotment has already been reached. This does not mean, however, that there must be any lettings as the contrary it means that with such success as far we must go it is stronger than ever and double or treble our allotment if possible. Every thousand we go over our allotment means an additional crown on the flag we win.

The canvassers have been told that if they have not been approached by the canvasser for your district yet look him up yourself.

OFFICIAL PROSPECTUS

The proceeds of this loan will be used for War purposes only, and will be spent wholly in Canada.



THE MINISTER OF FINANCE OF THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA offers for Public Subscription the

Victory Loan 1918

\$300,000,000. 5% Gold Bonds

Bearing Interest from November 1st, 1918, and offered in two instalments, the choice of which is optional with the subscriber as follows:

5 Year Bonds due November 1st, 1923
10 Year Bonds due November 1st, 1928

Subscriptions payable without charge at the Office of the Minister of Finance and Receiver General at Ottawa, or at the Office of Assistant Receiver General at Halifax, St. John's, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Vancouver.

Bonds may be registered as to principal or as to principal and interest, or any of the above named offices.

Interest payable, without charge, half-yearly, May and November 1st, at the above-named offices of any Chartered Bank.

Principal and Interest payable in Gold
Denominations: \$25, \$50, \$100, and \$500

Issue Price: 100 and Accrued Interest

Income Return 5% per Annum

Free from taxes—including any income tax—imposed in accordance with legislation passed by the Parliament of Canada.

The proceeds of the loan will be used for war purposes only, including the purchase of arms, foodstuffs, munitions and other supplies, and will be spent wholly in Canada.

Payment to be made as follows:

10% on applications: 20% January 31, 1919;
20% December 31, 1918; 20% February 28, 1919;
20% May 31, 1919.

The last payment of 10% covers 10% of principal and 10% of accrued interest at 5% from November 1st to the date of the respective instalment.

A full half year's interest will be paid on May 1st, 1919, making the cost of the bonds 100 and interest.

10% without interest, or any instalment due due thereafter together with accrued interest at the rate of 5% per annum.

The amount of the loan is \$300,000,000, exclusive of the amount of \$500,000 to be paid for the purchase of bonds of previous issues. The Minister of Finance, however, reserves the right to alter any part of the amount authorized in cases of \$100,000,000.

Bonds of this issue will, in the event of failure of the maturity, or longer, made by the Government, during the remainder of the War, other than loans made above, be computed at 100 and accrued interest, at the equivalent of cash for the purpose of subscription to such loans.

Payments

All cheques, drafts, etc., covering instalments, are to be made payable to the Credit of the Minister of Finance, and to be deposited in the bank specified in the prospectus.

Subscriptions may be accompanied by a deposit of 10% of the amount subscribed. Official Canvassers will forward sub-receipts or any receipts in Canada of any Chartered Bank upon presentation and retain receipts.

Subscriptions may be paid in full at any time of application at 100 without interest or on any instalment due date thereafter together with accrued interest to the time of making payment in full, under the provision, payment of instalments may be made as follows:

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, no interest, or 10%.

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

If paid in full on or before May 1st, 1919, balance of 90% and interest, (\$200,000,000).

BRITAIN HAS MANY
GERMAN PRISONERS.
It was announced in the house of commons that since the commencement of the war British troops have taken 227,446 enemy prisoners, including 104,242 Germans. There were also taken, 57,000 German combatant prisoners in the United Kingdom at the present time.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 20th, 1918.

Behind the Gun the Man - Behind the Man the Dollar

Make Your Dollars Fight the Hun

143

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW

W. H. HAYES, Proprietor

Ed. L. STONE, Editor

Subscription - \$1.50 per year

Advertising Rates Furnished on Application.

Issued on Thursday of each week at Redcliff, Alberta.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1918.

THE VICTORY LOAN.

Another issue of Victory Bonds is now before the people of Canada. Last year's issue has simply proven the benefit to the country and to each individual bond holder. It was because of the success of our last bond issue that every corner of Canada and every line of business activity in Canada has had unparalleled prosperity. Whether that prosperity is to continue throughout the coming year depends largely, if not altogether, upon the success of the present issue before the people.

Canada relies upon the Victory Loan to enable her to "carry on." Canada has played a great and noble part in the war and no part of Canada has responded to the call more spontaneously and wholeheartedly than the west. Hardly a house without its representative at the front; hardly a family without bereavement in the circle of its relationship; Redcliff has sacrificed greatly and nobly for the cause. It is not necessary here to speak of the achievements of the Canadian forces in France. Their valour has won the admiration of the world and will for all time shed lustre upon the name of Canada. We can all hold our heads higher by reason of what they have done and suffered in Europe.

But there is another and most vital national aspect concerning the duty and responsibility of those of us who are fortunate enough to be still at home if that lustre is to be carried through to the finish without being tarnished. That is by aid to the Victory Loan campaign.

The Victory Loan is a vital factor in the creation and continuance of our prosperity. The great bulk of our chief exports are bought by Great Britain for the use of her civilian population at home and her armies in the field. She buys the salmon catch of the Pacific, she buys the exportable surplus of the wheat of the western prairies and of the flour manufactured from it. She buys the cheese of the eastern dairy farmer. She buys the output of the hundreds of munition plants of Canada which in turn take the product of our great steel and iron plants. It means the employment of tens of thousands of operatives. Our great shipbuilding yards are filled with orders for tonnage. How does Great Britain pay for all these products? For the greater part the Dominion government furnishes her with the money. Where do we get the money with which to supply her? From the Victory Loans. Last year's Victory Loan was the means of finding a market for hundreds of millions of dollars of our products. It has kept Canada prosperous in all departments of national activity. Without it our farmers must have failed to sell a large part of their produce and hundreds of our factories must have closed. Generally speaking we can only find a market for what we can finance. This is owing to war conditions and their effect upon international exchange. The immense distribution of money in Canada from the proceeds of the last Victory Loan has spread

through all classes of this community. It has provided wages for the artisan, rents for the landlord, trade for the wholesale and retail merchant, business for manufacturer, a profitable domestic and foreign market for the farmer, fisherman, lumberman, miner. Our Victory Loans are really furnishing the working capital of the nation during the period of this war. They also created the investment money which have subscribed our provincial and municipal issues. These amounted during the last year to sixty million dollars. Apart from patriotic grounds it's the direct, immediate personal interest of every citizen of Canada to contribute to the Victory Loan. Its success means five hundred million dollars of new business for Canada, and a portion of that amount will find its way back again to the pockets of every man and woman in Canada.

In buying a Victory Bond you are not giving money to the government. You are simply lending it at a good rate of interest and you have for security the whole Dominion of Canada.

HEROISM AT HOME.

Not all the heroes and heroines are at the front in Europe these days. There are many in the home land, whose deeds and services recommend them for a place among the brave and the heroic. This fact has been made particularly manifest since influenza began to scourge this country and this continent. To win membership in the heroic class it is not necessary to have yielded "the last full measure of devotion;" it is enough to have answered the call and to have accepted all the risks involved in the services rendered. This risk men and women are now taking throughout Canada in an endeavor to stave off suffering and retard the spreading of the dread epidemic, and Redcliff's men and women are answering nobly to the call.

By taking these risks while attending to the wants of others some have themselves contracted the influenza. None of the cases here, however, so far reported are serious. All are expected to recover and many will escape unharmed, but they, nevertheless, will have the untold praise and appreciation of grateful people.

We are living in a time of peculiar unselfishness and sacrifice. Service to others' is the dominant note in the symphony of human endeavor and true heroism opens its gates more widely than ever before in the history of the world.

Ever since the enemy started writing peace notes and requests for an armistice we have all said: "No peace without unconditional surrender." There is only one way to get that unconditional surrender that is by backing up the boys at the front. They will do the necessary with the bayonets and bullets but they can't do it on the war on \$11.0 a day. That part rests rests with those at home who are making more money than they ever made before. And the only way to do it is by buying Victory Bonds. If the answer to the request for an armistice is to "See Foes" then let our answer to our country be "If you need money—See me."

No one can tell better than a German just what Hohenzollern has meant to Germany and to the world. Here is what that outspoken German Max Harden says: "We started the war with a dirty trick, and all our subsequent victories have been the results of dishonesty. William II. is a film hero, and Germany a

vulgar cinematograph, 'show-money.' We sit today on the ruins of 30 years' of Hohenzollern policy." For Harden to be able to talk this way and remain open, of full surely means something.

The members of the Board of Health are deserving of great praise for prompt manner in which they started in to work when the influenza epidemic broke out here and for the untiring energies they have sustained ever since. They are doing good work and they should get the assistance and support from the citizens which they deserve.

In this issue the Dominion government carries three advertisements. Two of them refer to the Victory Loan and one is a notice to soldiers on Harvest leave. We would advise all com-

ing to look them over and get acquainted with their contents.

Are you wearing the prescribed mask over your nose and mouth. Those who have given this epidemic some thought and study claim this is the best possible preventive. Besides the law requires that you wear one.

Distribution of

Seed to Farmers

By instructions of the Honorable Minister of Agriculture, a free distribution of superior sorts of grain will be made during the coming winter and spring to Canadian farmers.

The samples for distribution will consist of spring wheat (about 4 lbs.), white oats (about 4 lbs.), barley (about 5 lbs.), and field peas (about 5 lbs.). These will be sent, put free, by mail, from the Central Experimental farm, Ottawa, by the Dominion Cerealist, who will furnish the necessary application forms.

Farmers' Exports

Beating the Boche

Last year the people of Canada loaned to the government \$419,000,000 to carry on the war. Out of that sum were spent huge sums to finance the purchases of the British government in Canada for food and munitions. Since the war began the Imperial Munitions Board has awarded contracts in Canada amounting to \$1,000,000,000 and about \$200,000,000 have been advanced by the government and banks. Besides that there were heavy advances to assist in the export of Canada's agricultural products.

These sums have been the cause of a tremendous expansion of industry. Farmers, as well as manufacturers have been able to sell their surplus products to Great Britain and to get the money at once. They have gone on multiplying their efforts and doing their part in winning the war, for Great Britain had to eat while her soldiers were away fighting. In the past year the government has advanced \$100,000,000 to finance our ag-

ricultural and animal products to Great Britain. The bacon output was entirely handled out of Loan funds. And this year there will be some heavy calls out of the 1918 Victory Loan. Canada has a surplus of cheese for export amounting to \$40,000,000. Butter, eggs and condensed milk will amount to \$100,000,000 more. The Victory Loan will get these to their only market, Great Britain. The exportable wheat crop will be 100,000,000 bushels and the value \$225,000,000. Victory Loan money for the most part will finance this. Many great industries have been built up. The whole country has felt the impulse to greater endeavor. This is the spirit that is winning the war. We must not let it flag. Subscribe to the Victory Loan.

The Versailles conference, according to the report current in London, has agreed on the main points of the armistice terms, which will now be considered by the military commanders. The final peace terms, it is said, will be submitted to Germany simultaneously with the armistice terms.

War Efficiency and National Prosperity

More than a billion and a half dollars distributed in Canada for exported agricultural produce and the products of labor in the fiscal year ending March 31, 1918, has kept Canada busy and prosperous in spite of the war.

CANADA'S production in such enormous quantities was made possible only by the money received through Canada's War Loans. Canada thus was enabled to assist the Allies in their purchases here by establishing financial credits for their use in this country.

CANADA'S war loans not only have sustained Canada's war effort, but they have kept the wheels of production turning as they never turned before.

This is the flood of cash which poured in to Canada's farms for their exports in the fiscal year 1918, for—

Butter.....	\$ 2,000,000
Cheese.....	36,602,000
Eggs.....	2,271,000
Oats.....	37,644,000
Wheat.....	36,341,000
Flour.....	95,896,000
Meats.....	76,729,000
Vegetables.....	19,034,000

Over six hundred and thirty-six million dollars for exported farm products alone!

AND the workers of Canada also shared greatly in Canada's export trade.

For their products there was distributed in Canada, during the year:

Munitions.....	\$450,000,000
Metals.....	92,083,000
Vehicles.....	22,776,000
Wood Pulp and Paper.....	59,599,000

These huge sums were spent in Canada by the Allies.

Canada's own war expenditure for the fiscal year 1918 was \$342,762,000.

And the bulk of all these expenditures, the foundation of Canada's prosperity and war effectiveness, was made possible only because the subscribers to Canada's war loans furnished the working capital.

CANADA must keep this great work going—must produce as never before; must work, fight, save and lend as she has never yet done to bring victory and a lasting peace to a war-ridden world.

But Canada to-day (thanks to her great export trade), is in a better position now than ever, to carry on.

The Victory Loan 1918 will keep Canada busy, will enable her to maintain her great export business; and it will make Canada more efficient than ever, because her prosperity will not be diminished and her determination to work, fight and win will be stronger than it has ever been before.

Get Ready Now to Buy Victory Bonds

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee in Co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.

Banks Will Help

Small Investors

It is announced that, in order to encourage investors to participate in the 1918 Victory Loan, the banks will lend subscribers, on the probable certainty of repayment within a year, up to 90 per cent of the amount of the investment in the Loan. The rate of interest charged by the banks is 5 1/2 per cent.

This should have the effect of greatly stimulating the flow of money when the big drive opens. Many people who were anxious to do their bit towards supporting the boys at the front were unfortunately restricted as to the amount they had available for investment, having impecunious or future obligations which failed for their ready cash. It is such as these that the banks are ready to help. On reasonable security these intending investors may receive the cash from the bank at the same rate of interest the Dominion government pays for the entire 1918 Victory Loan. They may reduce their obligations to the banks monthly or quarterly.

The banks will also accept from small investors for sale keeping without charge the interest securities and later the bonds themselves up to a reasonable amount, for the term of one year.

Entire Province

Now Under Orders

At a meeting of the Provincial Board of Health, called by the Hon. A. G. McKay, minister of health, and held in his office, after full consideration had been given to the fact that the influenza had now spread in so many different directions as to threaten the whole province, it was decided that the order against holding public meetings and gatherings should be made provincial and therefore the first of the following orders was passed:

As to the possibility, may, the probability of transmitting the disease through use of the telephone, especially so as a great many people who are speaking, an order was passed dealing with the thorough disinfection of the telephone transmitters.

The order became law Thursday morning, and the provincial police have instructions to enforce all orders that have been passed by the provincial board or by any local board.

All schools, churches, theatres, picture shows and all other places where the public gather or congregate in the province shall be closed from the province of Alberta, shall be closed from and after the hour of 7 a. m. of Thursday, the 21st day of October, 1918, and all public meetings and gatherings of any kind save where people are congregated in any public conveyance, or in their cars, or in a place or places of temporary residence, consisting of seven or more persons, shall be prohibited, and all such meetings and gatherings are hereby declared to be illegal, from and after the said hour and date, save and

except gatherings for the purpose of carrying out any of the objects of the public health act, or the regulations duly passed thereunder, or in any way directly connected with any undertaking for operation considered necessary for the carrying out of the present war.

Week's War News.

SUNDAY.

On the 40-mile front between the Oise and the Aisne the French maintained their pressure, and on the latter have made important gains, according to the official statement today from the war office. They have captured four villages between the Oise and the Serre and along the Serre have penetrated the enemy positions. Between Stenme and Chateau-Porcet on Oct. 25 and 26 the French took more than 2,450 prisoners.

MONDAY.

The German army have begun a new retreat, this time between the Oise and the Aisne. Gen. Debeney's first army, in the teeth of stubborn resistance and repeated counter attacks, has succeeded in swinging on its right flank so that it faces the east. It has taken the enemy and the Guise-Marle road, driving the enemy before it.

Gen. Debeney is now in a position to push rapidly along the upper Oise toward Hiron and Vermeux, through a level country devoid of streams. The first result of his progress is to force the enemy opposing the Tenth and Fifth French armies, exhausted by fruitless counterattacks, to begin a backward movement which it eventually found to extend to the front before Bethel. This will open to the Fourth Army the double passage of the Aisne and the Ardennes canal.

TUESDAY.

British troops have captured the important town of Kirkuk, in Turkish Kurdistan, lying 150 miles north of Bagdad, according to the war office announcement on operations in Mesopotamia. The town was occupied on Friday last.

The British troops, overcoming stiff opposition, advanced their line Monday morning, and the British troops, according to Field Marshal Haig's report from headquarters. The other sectors were quiet.

Rois Belleau, east of the Meuse river, is now completely in the hands of American troops, as the result of a successful attack carried out Sunday, General Pershing reports in his communique for Monday. Further south fighting is taking place in the eastern portion of the Bois de Mont.

Destruction of thirteen enemy airplanes by pursuit squadrons, of the American first army in the course of a recent campaign, is reported in a supplementary statement under date of Sunday. Five American planes were lost.

More than 9,000 Austrians were taken prisoner in the operations on the Italian front Sunday, according to the war office announcement Monday.

Fifty-one guns were also captured.

WEDNESDAY.

Fifteen thousand prisoners have been taken by the British, Italians and French up to date today in the advance across the Rhine which, for the third time in one year is the scene of a desperate battle. This time, however, the tables are turned against the Austrians, who are steadily being pressed back from the eastern bank of the river. The battle now has been going on for five days and has been marked by the desperate resistance of the Austrians.

General Debeney's first army continues to close in on Guise, and has captured German first line trenches and the barracks and hospital south of the CHATEAU IN THE TOWN OF GUISE; according to the war office statement today.

South of Guise, the French have passed beyond the Louvy farm. They also continue to make progress on the right bank of the Peron river.

THURSDAY.

The result of the vicious advance against the Austrians on the Italian front hourly increases in importance, says an official dispatch to the Italian embassy today from Rome. More than a hundred villages and towns have been taken. The battle line is pressing closely upon the heels of the enemy, the message later having reached yesterday the river Livorno, where the Austrians attempted to stand to save their threatened principal lines of retreat.

On the western front the Allies on all sections continue to advance and are making many important gains both in material and territory.

STORAGE OF POTATOES.

Many have grown potatoes this year who never did so before, and consequently will be unfamiliar with the best methods of protecting the crop.

Owing to the excessive rains this autumn potatoes in some districts have become infected with rot, and many have been harvested under unfavorable conditions. In many instances they have been stored in cellars before being properly dried. Potatoes showing any indication of rot should not be stored with sound ones.

This is especially true if there are abnormal conditions of moisture, as such conditions will cause a greater activity of the fungus and, consequently, quicker rotting of the potatoes.

Potatoes should be stored in a dry and cool place as possible without freezing. The drier they can be kept the less rot will develop.

This year, especially, potatoes should be carefully sorted within from three to four weeks after storing in the cellar, those showing any signs of developing rot being discarded. This will protect the remainder of the crop.

Food is badly wanted, and it is our positive duty to take good care of what we have produced.

Freemen Buy Bonds.

Slaves Wear Them!

Austria Accepts

All President's Terms

Austria, in her reply to President Wilson, accepts all the views as expressed by the president in his note of October 18.

Austria says she is willing and ready, without awaiting the results of other negotiations, to negotiate a peace and an immediate armistice on all Austro-Hungarian fronts.

In commenting on Austria's position a London report says: "Austria's reply to President Wilson is viewed here as an unconditional surrender. Although recognized as an act of the ultimately the greatest moment, denoting the breaking up of Hapsburg power, main interest in the situation lies in the effect it will inevitably have on the position of Germany."

It removes, says the Telegraph, "any lingering doubt as to the total and irremediable defeat of Germany, for which, besides being a most grave military misfortune, it involves ultimate crushing political defeat, as it destroys the motives fabric known as pan-Germanism."

French Town Pays

Tribute to Deliverers

The historic town of Details paid its debts of gratitude to the British for their recent deliverance from a bondage of four years by the German invaders. All the remaining residents of this war-scattered place, headed by the local dignitaries, formally received and rendered a touching tribute of thanks to the Prince of Wales, representing the British government; General Currie, commander of the Canadian Army Corps, and the commander of the fourth Canadian division of Quebec, which freed Details from the enemy.

The reception of the local representatives was attended by elaborate ceremonies.

LODGE DIRECTORY

QUARRY LODGE, No. 70.

A. F. & A. M.

Regular Communication, First Tuesday of each month.

Visiting Brethren Welcome.

P. H. O'CONNELL, T. J. AMDAHL, Secretary, Master.

SONS OF ENGLAND

BENEFIT SOCIETY,

LODGE ROSMERE No. 10.

Meets on second Tuesday in Crow's Hall.

Visiting Brethren Welcome.

F. CONGRAM, president.

R. EVERETT, Secretary.

P. O. Box 352.

I. O. O. F.

REDCLIFF LODGE, No. 90.

Meets in Reid's Hall every Wednesday evening at 7.30.

Visiting Brethren Welcome.

C. G. BUCHHOLZ, N. G.

E. P. ARGUE, P. G.

Rec. Sec. Box 222

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. E. W. BROWN,

Physician and Surgeon

REDCLIFF, ALBERTA

PHONE 22.

UNDERTAKING

JESSOP NOTT

Medicine Hat and Redcliff

Local Agent

FRED ODLIN,

Furniture Dealer

DENTISTRY

Dr. J. Cleary Wray

Will be in his office every day until further notice. Office Sykes block, Third street.

Hours 9 to 5.

TOWN OF REDCLIFF.

REVISION OF VOTERS' LIST.

The Voters' List of the Town of Redcliff is now completed, and may be inspected at the office of the Secretary-Treasurer between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m., except Saturday, and on that day between 9 a. m. and 12 noon.

Any person having the necessary qualification and whose name has been omitted from the list, is requested to immediately make application to this office, in order that his or her name may be added.

P. H. COURTNEILL,

Secretary-Treasurer.

September 9th, 1918.



Department of Municipal Affairs

Notice of Court of Confirmation of Returns of Unpaid Taxes.

Notice is hereby given that the Judge of the District Court has appointed Tuesday, the 19th day of November, 1918, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the holding of a Court at the Court House in the City of Montreal, for the confirmation of the Returns of unpaid taxes made under the provisions of Section 16 of the Improvement District Act, covering the following improvement districts, viz:

Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 31, 32, 61, 62, 63, 91, 92, 121, 122, 124, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 211, as shown on official map.

Also for confirmation of the Returns of unpaid taxes made under the provisions of Section 11 of the Educational Tax Act, covering the following territorial units, viz:

Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 31, 32, 61, 62, 63, 91, 92, 121, 122, 124, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 211.

Also for confirmation of the Returns of unpaid taxes made under the provisions of Section 19 of the School Assessment Ordinance by the Secretary-Treasurers of the following School Districts, viz:

Numbers 546, 547, 590, 788, 796, 1004, 1005, 1200, 1201, 1454, 1455, 1516, 1544, 1818, 1912, 2089, 2097, 2150, 2151, 2200, 2201, 2306, 2307, 2322, 2350, 2359, 2385, 2386, 2318, 2324, 2335, 2367, 2385, 2406, 2415, 2420, 2474, 2479, 2512, 2517, 2535, 2539, 2548, 2582, 2584, 2630, 2647, 2658, 2659, 2674, 2679, 2684, 2685, 2704, 2742, 2749, 2767, 2774, 2780, 2801, 2818, 2819, 2841, 2848, 2850, 2911, 2915, 2933, 2969, 2985, 3015, 3107, 3111, 3125, 3127, 3182, 3659, as shown on official map prepared by the Department of Municipal Affairs.

Also for the confirmation of the Returns of unpaid taxes made under the provisions of Section 30 of the Wild Lands Tax Act, covering the following territorial units, viz:

Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 31, 32, 61, 62, 63, 91, 92, 121, 122, 124, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 211, as shown on official map.

Dated at Edmonton 24th of August, 1918.

J. H. LAMB,

Acting Deputy Minister,

Department of Municipal Affairs.

Redcliff Hotel

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN.

First Class Accommodations.

Running Water in every Room.

GOOD BATH ROOMS

Bath at any time for 25c.

The only Place in Town to get

Calgary Draft Two Per Cent.

REDCLIFF HOTEL

D. BROADFOOT, Prop.

Gen. Ludendorff, first quartermaster general of the German army, has resigned, says a telegram from Berlin, which adds that the emperor, in accepting the resignation, has decreed that the Lower Rhine infantry regiment No. 37, of which Gen. Ludendorff long held been commander, shall bear his name.

Eat Less Bread

SHOE REPAIRING TRY N. PEARSON PRICES REASONABLE

DRAYING AND TEAMING Of all kinds promptly attended to: Baggage transfer in connection. See us about your cess-pool work. First class stabling accommodations. Baled Hay for Sale. PALACE LIVERY BARN. A. J. WALLACE, Mgr.

Plumbing & Tinsmithing Pumps, Gasoline Engines Iron Pipes and Fittings, Eave Troughs, Stove Pipes Etc. Also a First Class Stock Of Gas and Plumbing Supplies.

A. Maskell Opposite Gas Office. Third Street.

Storm Sashes and Doors Make a Warm, Comfortable House - We are Selling a Number This Fall Have You Bought Yours Yet? We Stock All Sizes and Our Prices are Right THE ATLAS LUMBER CO., Ltd., REDCLIFF C. D. SCOTT, Mgr., PHONE 11

MAC'S Pool Room And Bowling Alley IN BLACK BLOCK, Broadway Full Stock of Tobaccos and Cigars Open Day and Night

Insurance Fire, Hall, Liability, Life Houses For sale or rent, one fully modern, 6 rooms Farm Lands For Sale List Your Lands With us THE STONER AGENCIES, REDCLIFF THIRD ST. N.E.

BE CANADA'S BANKER

The individual who buys a Victory Bond becomes his country's banker. He shows a banker's confidence in the progress and future of Canada. The country's business is YOUR business. If you believe that Canada has a future: that she is worth all the blood her sons have shed in order that she may be secure, you will buy Victory Bonds.

Canada cannot carry on war and face the problems of peace unless her citizens are willing to finance her with an open hand; the security she offers is the best in the world - the whole resources of the finest land on which the sun ever shone.

The reward of the man who buys Victory Bonds to the full extent of his ability will be not merely the reward of thrift, but of duty done and an obligation fulfilled. Patriotism and Self-Interest join hands when you—

BUY VICTORY BONDS

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

Then, Czekas, who is now working in Calgary is spending the week in town with his family.

Geo. Peters, of the Hot Springs district, was taken to the Medicine Hat hospital yesterday suffering from the influenza.

A meeting of the Victory Loan executive will be held in the Review office Friday evening of this week at 8 o'clock.

If there are any of the Victory Loan canvassers who have more buttons than they need for their district, will they kindly return them to the secretary.

G. Taitner, of the Imperial bank staff here, has been moved to Regina temporarily, as the staff in the bank there has been demoralized on account of the influenza.

Private J. P. Beck, who has been helping with harvesting operations around here for the past two months, returned to Camp in Calgary yesterday.

In the provincial election held in Red Deer constituency last Monday J. J. Guste, the Liberal candidate, defeated F. W. Gubraith, the Union Independent, by a large majority.

The party who is known to have taken auto coaster wagon from our premises can avoid trouble by returning same at once. If not returned immediately will inform police. J. M. Haywood.

The wonderful master of the local Masonic lodge has postponed the regular meeting of the lodge, which was to have been held next Tuesday evening, on account of the influenza epidemic.

Consul Reet has just received complete returns for the registration in Alberta for the United States selective draft. They are as follows: Calgary 5,015; Edmonton, 2,550; Lethbridge 2,210, making a total of 9,775.

The Medicine Hat News of Monday of this week announces the death in that city of Mrs. A. G. Dentman, aged 29 years. The late Mrs. Dentman was well known in Redcliff, having lived here for some time, when Mr. Dentman was engaged as bookkeeper in The Stoner Agency office here.

Mr. Lewis, who recently purchased the old Merchants bank property on Broadway, has had a building moved on to the vacant lot. It is his intention to have this building brick veneered so as to correspond with the other building. Mr. Lewis intends to have the work in connection with the new building rushed through as rapidly as possible and when completed he will have two good stores in a good locality for rent.

Geo. Thompson of this town, referred to in this week that one of his brothers had been killed in action at the front. George had already taken a good substantial Victory Bond, but when he heard this sad news he remembered it took money to supply the boys at the front with the necessities to avenge his brother's death, so he took out another good sized bond. That's the sort of loyalty we like to hear about. Unless we "go over the top" here till we feel it we cannot expect the boys over there to do it.

Freeman Buy Bonds
Slaves Wear Them

Victory Bonds Will Go Beyond par Value

Mr. Geo. Lyall, chairman of the Victory Loan committee for this district, received the following message from the central organization for Southern Alberta, on the opening day of the Victory Loan campaign:

"The eyes of the opening day of the Victory Loan offered for subscription among the people of Canada give expression to the confident hope that every body in Southern Alberta will buckle to in the endeavor to sustain it till it is out to last year's splendid achievement. While not unduly estimating the particular difficulties that present themselves this year we feel that these will be but call forth the greater effort from yourself and your many willing helpers, so that your district may sustain its reputation for patriotic effort in support of our friends over there, and all the more help them to a victorious return home. While these patriotic motives are strong and inspiring, your colleagues will not forget to insist upon the actual personal value offered in Victory Bonds as an investment of undoubted security which with permanent peace for the world in sight, promises very quick appreciation beyond par value. Canadian financial markets are opened to the United States and the world generally.

C.P.R. Boat Sinks With all on Board

Pounded by mountainous waves and driven before a wind of terrific severity, the Canadian Pacific steamship Princess Sophia sailed from the comparative safety of Vanderbilt reef, in Lynn canal, midway between Glasgow and Juneau, early Friday evening, and carried 346 persons, passengers and crew, men, women and children, to their death in the raging northern waters. There were no survivors from the ship.

The Sophia left Glasgow Wednesday evening last for Vancouver, with a passenger list made up largely of Western people and Alaskans from interior points eager to get "outside" for the winter. Four hours out she ran into a blinding snowstorm, in which, it is supposed, she got out of her course slightly and piled up on the reef, where she rested for more than 20 hours in what was thought to be position of no danger.

Germany's Latest Note to Wilson

Germany's answer to President Wilson's latest note says:

"The German government has taken cognizance of the answer of the president of the United States. 'The president is aware of the far-reaching changes which have been carried out and are being carried out in the German constitutional structure and that peace negotiations are being conducted by a people's government in whose hands rests, both actually and constitutionally, the power to make the deciding conclusions. 'The military powers are subject to it. 'The German government now awaits proposals for an armistice which shall be the first step toward a just peace, as the president has described it in his proclamation.' (Signed) 'SOLE'."

Memoranda and Douthett's expulsion from military service has been strictly limited. By order-in-council the government confines such exemption to the original immigrant colonies with whom the arrangements were made and their descendants, who have continued to be members of the sects without interruption.

Redcliff M. P. P. Visits Our Hospital

Capt. C. R. Fagle, M. P. P. for Redcliff, was in town last Monday afternoon in the interests of the provincial government to see if everything possible was being done to deal with the influenza epidemic. Mr. Fagle visited the school which is now being used as a hospital, and was greatly pleased with the efforts being put forth by the Board of Health and the prompt manner in which they took action.

Mrs. Fagle accompanied the Captain and visited with her a number of pneumonia, jaundice and other ailments and necessities for the patients. Mr. Fagle assured the Review that the provincial department of health was willing to do everything possible to retard the spreading of the epidemic and to assist local boards.

Canada Will Not Slaken Enlistment

The department of militia and defense gives an absolute and unqualified denial to an absurd rumor that has gained credence in some parts of Canada to the effect that because of the possibility of peace, there will be a suspension of the sending of reinforcements overseas, at present. Barrie was expressed in official circles that anyone could believe that Canada's war efforts would be slackened in the slightest degree because of peace talks. The government believes that the way to secure a triumphant and victorious peace is to continue our preparations for war. The sending of reinforcements overseas will proceed without cessation until Germany accepts the allied peace conditions.

SPIRELLA CORSETTIERE Redcliff Agent 5th St. N. Phone 49

GARBUIT BUSINESS COLLEGE MEDICINE HAT. Teaches all subjects for Commercial or Shorthand education. Day and night classes year round. Enrol now before raise in tuition. on November 4th. THOROUGH INSTRUCTION, not excelled in any school in Canada. Write for further information.

DISINFECTANTS Prevention Better than Cure.

Prevention is better than the cure. Protect yourself. Use lots of Chloride Lime and Cresolin, in waste places. Cresolin and Citronella are recommended to relieve and masks. Formaldehyde Candles for burning in rooms. Antiseptic Throat Lozenges for mouth and throat. Listerine, Glyco Thymoline, Peroxide, etc. for gargling. And don't forget to use the Tooth Brush.

CECIL T. HALL, Phb. Prescription Druggist. REDCLIFF, ALBERTA.

SPLENDID VALUES IN CLOTHING

BOYS' CLOTHING

200 Boys Wool Suits to Choose from
Browns, Blues and Greys
Sizes 12 to 35
From **\$7.50 to \$14.00**

250 Men's Choice Suits
Grey Suits, Browns and
Striped Worsted & all Wool
Twelves, Sizes 36 to 48
Price **\$18.00 to \$30.00**

WEATHER COATS

Men's Fine Wool Sweater Coat
Price **\$4.75 to \$12.50**
Boys' all Wool **\$2.50 & \$3.00**

SHOES

A New Shipment of Boys' School
Button and Lace
Price **\$3.00 to \$4.50**
Ladies' Brown, Black & tan
Latest Styles **\$4.50 to \$6.50**
Men's Fine and Work Shoes
Best Quality **\$4.50 to \$6.00**

MACKINAW COATS

Men's Wool Finner Checks
Norfolk and Plain Styles
Price **\$7.50 to \$15.00**

THE HICKS TRADING CO., Redcliff

FOR SALE—Lots on Third street, or will trade for stock. Mrs. C. E. Current.

FOR SALE—A quality of chicken feed. Apply at Redcliff Library.

FOR SALE—A good chicken coop, 6x8. For particulars apply to A. R. Ballantyne, C. P. E. station. 44-3 12-14-7.

POTATOES—The Alberta crop is reported 500,000 bushels short of requirements. I have a limited quantity for sale. R. C. Hollinger, Arlington.

CHICKEN FEED FOR SALE—At 35¢ per pound delivered in 100 pound lots about Nov. 6th. Leave orders at Review office or write James Myers, Bowell.

TO EXCHANGE—House and lot with stable, on Fifth street, Redcliff, to exchange for cattle. Clear title. Apply P. O. Box 1029, Medicine Hat.

The First Thing to do Tomorrow Morning is:

BUY A VICTORY BOND

After that call around here and get a good cigar and smoke it to let the people know you are glad you were able to do your bit by buying a bond. Every little bit helps.

Remember our cigars are at the old pre-war prices.

All Kinds of Pipes, Tobaccos, Candles, Nut Bar Soft Drinks, etc., etc. Always on Hand. E. J. CROWE Barber Shop and Pool Room in Connection.

NOTICE TO SOLDIERS ON HARVEST LEAVE.

Attention is directed to a recent announcement published in the Press by the Military Service Branch, Department of Justice, regarding extensions to be granted to men EXEMPTED AS FARMERS.

It is pointed out that the DOES NOT IN ANY WAY AFFECT MEN WHO HAVE BEEN ORDERED BY THE REGISTRAR TO REPORT TO Depot Battalions and who have thereafter received leave of absence from the Military Authorities.

Once a man has been ordered to report for duty by the Registrar he leaves the jurisdiction of the Registrar and comes under that of the Department of Militia and Defence, and is to be considered as a soldier. This applies to men of the 20 to 22 Class who have been ordered to report by the Registrar in virtue of the cancellation of exemptions by Order-in-Council of the 20th April last, as well as to those ordered to report in the usual way on refusal of claim for exemption, or on expiration of exemption granted.

All men, accordingly, who have been ordered to report, and are therefore SOLDIERS, and who have subsequently been granted harvest leave by the military authorities, MUST, NOTWITHSTANDING THE NOTICE ABOVE REFERRED TO, REPORT ON THE EXPIRATION OF THAT LEAVE, unless they are notified to the contrary by their Commanding Officer or by general notice published by the Department of Militia and Defence.

DEPARTMENT OF MILITIA AND DEFENCE.

Second Hand Goods Bought and Sold

I have opened up a Second Hand Store on First Street, Redcliff, just south of the Post Office, and have on hand a Good Stock of All Kinds of Useful Articles for the House and the Farm. Call and see me if you want to buy or sell.

1st St. J. H. LEWIS, Redcliff

TURKEY NEGOTIATING FOR SEPARATE PEACE. Turkey has independently presented peace proposals to the entente nations, it is according to a report from Constantinople, forwarded by the correspondent at Copenhagen of the Exchange Telegraph company. The negotiations are expected to end soon, it is added.

Cold Weather Goods

Gas Stoves & Heaters
Weather Strips
Gas Globes & Gas Burners
Glass and Putty
Gas Mantles 15c
Building Paper
Gas Tubing
Roofing & Tar Paper
Gas Pipe & Fittings
Gas Plates half regular price

LON BARBER

HEADQUARTERS FOR COLD WEATHER GOODS

In Hardware, Dry Goods, Bedding, Felt Shoes and Overshoes

MACINAW COATS
SHEEPSKIN COATS
SWEATER COATS
UNDERCLOTHS
HEAVY SHIRTS
SOCKS
GLOVES & MITTS

Guaranteed Razor Hones \$1.
Special Mousty Only 25c

BEST BAKING POWDER ON THE MARKED

GUARANTEED GOLD STANDARD 20 oz. for 25c

The Usual Price for all Baking Powder is 16 oz. 25c

See Our Special Offer

5 Per Cent. Less on Groceries

\$10.00 Lots Less Sugar & Flour

BROADWAY DEPARTMENT STORE

Buy Victory Bonds

Every Person Who is on the Victory Bond Honor Roll Will Receive 5 per cent Discount on Everything Purchased in This Store in all Lines For 1 Month

Food License No. 8-226